

<p>The Second Great Awakening</p>	<p>What was the Second Great Awakening? When did it begin?  <i>a reawakening of religion in the U.S. 1790s.</i></p> <p>What was emphasized?  <i>individual choice for salvation &amp; society that can be improved</i></p> <p>What emphasized the same ideals?  <i>Jacksonian Democracy</i></p> <p>What is a revival?  <i>a large meeting when</i></p> <p>Where were the most intense revivals?  <i>New England</i></p> <p>What did the Second Great Awakening do to African American churches?  <i>Brought Christianity on a large scale to AA. enslaved AA.</i></p> <p>What did enslaved Africans think of the Christian message?  <i>INDIAN Interpreted as a promise of freedom for their people</i></p> <p>The African American church developed a political voice for those who felt discriminated against.</p>
<p>Transcendentalism and Reforms</p>	<p>What are the ideas of Transcendentalism?  <i>live a simple life &amp; celebrate the truth in nature &amp; truth in personal emotion &amp; imagination</i></p> <p>What two writers are examples of this idea?  <i>Ralph Waldo Emerson &amp; Henry David Thoreau</i></p> <p>Thoreau believed in two ideas; What were they?  <i>self-reliance &amp; the importance of individual</i></p> <p>What is civil disobedience? What was Thoreau thrown in jail for?  <i>peacefully protest an act or law that you feel is unjust / refusing to pay taxes that financed the Mexican war</i></p>

	<p>What is a Unitarian?          a religious + philosophical idea that emphasized reason + appeals to conscience</p>	
	<p>Where was this concentrated?          New England; wealthy areas</p>	<p>is the way to perfection</p>
<p>Americans form ideal communities</p>	<p>What is a perfect community called?          Utopia</p> <p>What is a Shaker? Where were they located? What was their major beliefs?          religious belief that in sharing + non-violence.          New York, N.E + Frontier</p>	
<p>Schools and Prison Reform</p>	<p>What did Alexis de Tocqueville say about American prisons? (Need quote and what it means.)          "While society in the United States gives the example of the most extended liberty, the prisons of the same offer the spectacle of the most complete despotism."          What did Dorothea Dix do?          Change how prisoners should be treated + the mental health          Why was this important to her?          Her own family had mental health issues and did not want to see them as prisoners.</p>	<p>Most liberty + the humane prison.</p>